

UNITED STATES
CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

BB 4/21

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	January 1, 2004	AND ENDING Dec	mm/DD/YY
A. REG	SISTRANT IDENTIF	FICATION	MINIDO, II
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Oro Fin	ancial, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	•	. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
225 Baronne Street, Suite 8	00		
	(No. and Street)		
New Orleans	LA	70	0112
(City)	(State)	(2	Lip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Michelle Uria	RSON TO CONTACT II		ORT (504) 588-1150
			(Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
Ericksen, Krentel & LaPorte	•	-	
4227 Canal Street		LA	70119
(Address)	(City)	TUCESSET (State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	8	APR 2 5 2005	RECEIVED
Certified Public Accountant	\mathcal{L}_{1}		MAR 3 1 2005
☐ Public Accountant	F	INANCIAL TO	MAN
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ted States or any of its po	essessions.	185/4
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	
			

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, _		Michelle Uria		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	kno	wledge and belief the accompanying financial s	tatement ar	nd supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
		Oro Financial, Inc.		, as
of .		December 31	20 <u>04</u>	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
nei	ther	the company nor any partner, proprietor, princi	ipal officer	or director has any proprietary interest in any account
cla	ssifie	ed solely as that of a customer, except as follow	s:	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
_				
				Mich Det Mic
			_	Signature
			_	the of Day
		/		Title
	/	MAMMULLI		
		Notary Public		GEORGE AUGUST MUELLER III NOTARY PUBLIC
		port ** contains (check all applicable boxes):		State of Louisiana
X		Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition.		My Commission is issued for Line
X		Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss).		La. Bar Ron No. 28402
X		Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.		•
X		Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	or Partners	' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinat		
X		Computation of Net Capital.		
\mathbf{x}		Computation for Determination of Reserve Re-		
区		Information Relating to the Possession or Conf		
	(j)			e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
_		Computation for Determination of the Reserve		
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unau consolidation.	idited State	ements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
X	(I)	An Oath or Affirmation.		
	` '	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.		
			ound to exis	t or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
	\ <i>\</i>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

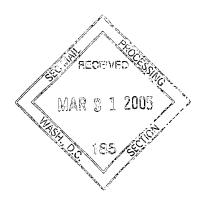
(S.E.C. I.D. NO. 8-38557)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003



ERICKSEN KRENTEL & LAPORTELL.P.

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- Schedule "2" Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure

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*PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
BENJAMIN J. ERICKSEN - RETIRED
J.V. LECLERE KRENTEL - RETIRED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Oro Financial, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Oro Financial, Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis of our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Oro Financial, Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the Company has experienced a continued decline in revenue and net operating losses in recent years. These conditions raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters also are described in Note 10. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules "1" through "3" is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

March 25, 2005

Erichsen, Mentel + Sulsate, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

ORO FINANCIAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

ASSETS

		2004	 2003
Cash and cash equivalents Deposit with clearing organization Securities commissions receivable Other receivables, less \$3,000	\$	23,564 3,046	\$ 21,836 3,006 110
allowance for doubtful accounts in 2004 Due from officer		12,774 243	3,263
Prepaid expenses Furniture, equipment and vehicle, (net) Refundable deposits		31,664 2,064	1,237 1,628 1,564
Total assets	\$	73,355	\$ 32,644
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLD	ER'S I	EQUITY	
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$	4,299	\$ -
Note payable - current portion		1,576	2.001
Accrued expenses payable		3,297	3,001
Taxes payable		4,557	4,557
Income tax payable		958	958
Due to officer Note payable - long-term portion		6,037	 1,514
Total liabilities		20,724	 10,030
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY: Preferred stock - \$25 par value, cumulative non-voting,			
1,500 shares authorized, issued and outstanding Common stock - no par value, 100,000 shares		37,500	37,500
authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding		5,000	5,000
Additional paid-in capital		130,812	36,312
Operating deficit		(116,931)	 (52,448)
Less: Treasury stock at cost - 1,500 shares		56,381 (3,750)	 26,364 (3,750)
Total stockholder's equity		52,631	22,614
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	73,355	\$ 32,644

See accompanying NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ORO FINANCIAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	200)4	2	003
REVENUES:				
Commissions	\$	1,009	\$	959
Consulting fees		12,500		67,000
Interest income	 	40		
Total revenues		13,549		67,959
EXPENSES:				
Office expense		25,329		8,549
Insurance expense		2,117		1,187
Depreciation		4,300		426
Rent expense		14,076		-
Employee compensation and benefits		6,605		1,207
Exchange and clearing fees		67		•
Consulting fees		-		300
Interest expense		1,098		12
Other operating expenses		25,490		3,927
Total expenses		79,082		15,608
Income (loss) from operations	((65,533)		52,351
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES):				
Other income		4,603		1,908
Bad debt		(3,553)		(1,400)
Total other income (expenses)		1,050		508
Income (loss) before income taxes		(64,483)	·	52,859
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES: Current				958
Total provision for income taxes				958
Net income (loss)	\$ ((64,483)	\$	51,901
Income (loss) per share of common stock	\$	(64)	\$	52

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	<u>4</u>	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital		Operating Deficit	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2002	€	37,500	€9	5,000	↔	83,412	€3	(104,349) \$	(3,750) \$	17,813
Capital distribution		•		l		(47,100)		ı	ı	(47,100)
Net income for the year 2003		1		'		1	ı	51,901	•	51,901
Balance at December 31, 2003		37,500		5,000		36,312		(52,448)	(3,750)	22,614
Capital contribution		•		I		94,500		ı	•	94,500
Net (loss) for the year 2004		1		I	ı	1	i	(64,483)	1	(64,483)
Balance at December 31, 2004	64	37,500	↔	5,000	€>	130,812	∞	(116,931) \$	(3,750) \$	52,631

ORO FINANCIAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

		2004		2003
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income (loss)	\$	(64,483)	ę	51,901
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash from	Φ	(04,403)	Φ	31,901
(used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation		4,300		426
Bad debt		3,553		1,400
Changes in assets and liabilities:		3,333		1,400
(Increase) decrease in:				
Deposits with clearing organization		(40)		21,994
Securities commissions receivable		(40)		326
Other receivables		(12.774)		
		(12,774)		(3,263)
Prepaid expenses		1,237		(1,237)
Refundable deposits		(500)		(1,564)
Increase (decrease) in:		4.000		(100)
Accounts payable		4,299		(109)
Accrued expenses		296		(1,407)
Taxes payable		-		(500)
Income taxes payable				958
Net cash from (used for) operating activities		(64,112)	<u></u>	68,925
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital expenditures		(34,336)		(1,645)
(Increase) in due from officer		(423)		
Net cash (used for) investing activities		(34,759)		(1,645)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		8,919		_
Principal payments on long-term debt		(1,306)		_
Increase (decrease) in due to shareholder		(1,514)		1,514
Capital contribution		94,500		-,
Capital distribution		-		(47,100)
Net cash from (used for) financing activities		100,599		(45,586)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,728		21,694
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		21,836		142
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	23,564	\$	21,836
Cash paid during the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 for: Interest expense	\$	1,098	\$	12

See accompanying NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ORO FINANCIAL, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

(1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Oro Financial, Inc. is registered as a broker with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The Company is a nonclearing broker and, as such, has an agreement with a third-party broker and dealer to act as the Company's clearing broker to carry and clear its customers' margin and cash accounts and transactions on a fully-disclosed basis. The Company's primary business is the marketing of general securities. The Company also provides consulting services to companies seeking capital for real estate development.

Method of Accounting

Assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of furniture and equipment is provided using the straight-line method for financial reporting purposes over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and office equipment	7 Years
Computer	5 Years
Vehicles	5 Vears

Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of furniture and equipment are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

Revenue Recognition

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur. Consulting fees and syndication income are fully earned and recorded as revenue upon execution of the contractual agreements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

(1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2004, the Company, with the consent of its sole stockholder, has elected to be an S corporation for Federal and State income tax purposes. Therefore, net income or loss will be passed through to the stockholder, with no income tax resulting to the Company for the year ending December 31, 2004.

For the year ended December 31, 2003, income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with the current year presentation.

(2) RECEIVABLE FROM CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Accounts receivable from clearing organizations consist of fees and commissions receivable.

(3) FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES

Furniture, equipment and vehicles consisted of the following at December 31, 2004 and 2003:

		2004		2003
Computer equipment	\$	2,725	\$	2,373
Office furniture		26,838		23,327
Office equipment		15,182		6,263
Vehicles		21,554		<u> </u>
Total furniture, equipment and vehicles	<u>\$</u>	66,299	\$	31,963
Less: accumulated depreciation		(34,635)		(30,335)
Total furniture, equipment and vehicles, net	<u>\$</u>	31,664	<u>\$</u>	1,628

Depreciation charged to operations amounted to \$4,300 and \$426 for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

(4) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 2002, the Company advanced \$1,400 to an affiliated company. During 2003 the affiliated company went out of business. The advance of \$1,400 was charged to operations.

The sole stockholder of the Company is a four percent investor in FM Group, Ltd. The Company earned \$67,000 in revenues from FM Group, Ltd, during the year ended December 31, 2003. \$3,000 due from FM Group, Ltd. is included in other receivables at December 31, 2004 and 2003.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

(5) NOTE PAYABLE

	 2004	 2003
10.50% note payable for which telephone equipment is pledged as collateral, interest and principal payable in monthly installments of \$192, maturing January 2009.	\$ 7,613	\$
Less: current portion	 (1,576)	 -

2004

6,037

2002

Long-term debt matures as follows:

Total long-term debt

2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	\$	1,576 1,749 1,942 2,156 190
	<u> </u>	7,613

(6) <u>NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The Company is subject to the Securities Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$13,498, which was \$8,498 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. At December 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$14,813, which was \$9,813 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio at December 31, 2004 and 2003 was .97 to 1 and .68 to 1, respectively.

(7) TREASURY STOCK

Treasury stock is shown at cost, and consists of 1,500 shares of preferred stock.

(8) OPERATING LEASES

In December of 2003, the Company committed to a non-renewable lease of office space commencing on January 1, 2004 and expiring on March 31, 2007. Payments will be made monthly. The first twelve months payments will be \$1,564, with the first three payments abated. The next twelve monthly payments will be \$1,602 and the last thirteen monthly payments will be \$1,640.

Minimum future lease payments under the operating lease as of December 31, 2004 are:

Year ended December 31,	A	mount
2005	\$	19,226
2006		19,683
2007		4,920
	\$	43,829

ORO FINANCIAL, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

(8) OPERATING LEASES (CONTINUED)

Rent expense for 2004 and 2003 from this lease was \$14,076 and \$0, respectively.

(9) CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of commissions receivable due from third-party brokers and dealers. The Company requires no collateral to secure the receivables.

In 2004, one client was the source of approximately 92% of revenues. At December 31, 2004, 79% of the other receivables was from that client. In 2003, one client, a related party more fully described in Note 3, was the source of approximately 99% of revenues. At December 31, 2003, 92% of the other receivables was from that one client.

(10) GOING CONCERN

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has incurred a net loss of \$64,483 during the year ended December 31, 2004. The Company's revenues have continued to decrease and the owner of the Company has made capital contributions to meet cash flow needs. Those factors, as well as the Company's reliance on revenue from a limited number of sources, create an uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plan is to increase revenue through expansion of the existing client base, decrease expenses, and to secure sufficient sources of capital to restore the Company to profitability. The sole stockholder of the Company has committed to funding any operating cash shortages until the Company operates on a profitable basis. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the success of this plan. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL, AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS, AND RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

		2004		2003
NET CAPITAL Total stockholder's equity	\$	52,631	\$	22,614
Deductions and/or charges: Unsecured receivables and prepaid expenses Furniture and equipment, net of related debt		(15,080) (24,053)		(6,173) (1,628)
Net capital	<u>\$</u>	13,498	<u>\$</u>	14,813
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	<u>\$</u>	13,111	\$	10,030
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIRMENT Minimum net capital required	<u>\$</u>	5,000	<u>\$</u>	5,000
Excess of net capital	\$	8,498	<u>\$</u>	9,813
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		.97 to 1		.68 to 1
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31)				
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (Unaudited) FOCUS Report	\$	17,980	\$	17,255
Audit Adjustments: Overstatement (understatement) of accounts payable and accrued liabilities Reclassification between unallowed assets and liabilities Reclassification between allowed assets and unallowed assets		(4,482)		1,058 (500) (3,000)
Net capital per above	<u>\$</u>	13,498	<u>\$</u>	14,813
Aggregate indebtedness, as reported in Company's Part II (Unaudited) FOCUS report Audit adjustments: To adjust accounts payable and accrued expenses To reclass unallowed assets and liabilities To reclass a liability to an unallowed asset	\$	8,629 4,482 -	\$	10,124 (1,058) 500 464
Aggregate indebtedness per above	<u>\$</u>	13,111	<u>\$</u>	10,030

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

Oro Financial, Inc. is exempt from the reserve requirements and the related computations for the determination thereof under paragraph k(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as Oro Financial, Inc. carries no margin accounts in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to customers and effectuates all financial transactions through unaffiliated clearing organizations on a fully-disclosed basis.

During the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, Oro Financial, Inc. has maintained its compliance with the conditions for exemption specified in paragraph k(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15C3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	Market Value	Number of Items
Information for possession or control requirements:		
For the year ended December 31, 2004:		
Customers' fully-paid securities and excess margin securities not in the Company's possession or control as of December 31, 2004, (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of December 31, 2004 but for which the required action was not taken within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3)	None	None
Customers' fully-paid securities and excess margin securities for which instruction to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as of December 31, 2004, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under rule 15c3-3	None	None
For the year ended December 31, 2003:		
Customers' fully-paid securities and excess margin securities not in the Company's possession or control as of December 31, 2003, (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of December 31, 2003 but for which the required action was not taken within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3)	None	None
Customers' fully-paid securities and excess margin securities for which instruction to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as of December 31, 2003, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under rule 15c3-3	None	None

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*PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
BENJAMIN J. ERICKSEN - RETIRED
J.V. LECLERE KRENTEL - RETIRED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

To the Board of Directors Oro Financial, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Oro Financial, Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Oro Financial, Inc. including tests of such practices and procedures, that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

ERICKSEN KRENTEL & LAPORTELLE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors, or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004 and 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the board of directors, management, the SEC, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 25, 2005

Certified Public Accountants

Erikan, Kretifo Falorte, LEP